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FRANCE.

Report from Paris—Plague in Russia.

PARIS, FRANCE, January 5, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that a telegram from Constantinople dated the 3d instant reports the reappearance of plague in Smyrna. The sanitary council (of Turkey) has imposed a quarantine of ten days on vessels coming from this port.

Under date of January 4 it is reported from St. Petersburg that the commission formed to prevent and combat plague in Russia has announced 9 deaths from that disease from November 17 to December 16 in the peasant family Teleryotnikof, in the village of Vladimirovka, district of Tsarevsk. It was first thought that this disease was typhus, but as another case appeared December 22 the physicians doubted their diagnosis and appealed to the governor of Astrakhan. Nineteen people were immediately attacked by the disease and 15 of them died. At present the number of sick persons at Vladimirovka is very large. Some 12 persons who were exposed to the contagion have been isolated.

The epidemic of yellow fever at Senegal is officially considered at an end. Unrestricted movement of trains and passengers has been allowed since December 5.

Respectfully,

S. B. GRUBBS,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GERMANY.

Reports from Berlin—Quarantine and plague in various countries.

BERLIN, GERMANY, January 5, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report the following measures adopted against the spread of plague:

ROUMANIA.—According to an announcement of December 1, the minister of the interior has decided that English productions in the strict sense, that is, those coming from the British Isles, are no longer required to give proof of their origin and source. However, such proof is required for all goods which could have come from India, Egypt, Arabia, or other countries infected with plague, especially old bags, and all bags from Calcutta, for wool, fruit, etc. The proof of origin must be produced with the ship's papers.

MALTA.—The publication on November 15 of the quarantine measures against Alexandria was rescinded on December 11.

SPAIN.—By the ministerial decree of December 11 the goods arriving from Tamatave are released under the usual conditions.

PORTUGAL.—According to the ministerial order of December 11 the restrictions upon arrivals from Alexandria for prevention of the introduction of bubonic plague are no longer to be applied.

MADAGASCAR.—On November 3 the quarantine placed upon arrivals from Tamatave was repealed.

ARGENTINE.—On November 3 a decree was issued by the president, in which the port of Villa Concepcion has been declared infected with plague. The other ports of the Republic of Paraguay are suspected of being infected with plague.

URUGUAY.—The national sanitary council, at Montevideo, decided on November 10, that the port of Villa Concepcion was infected with